



# ATMAM Mathematics Methods

Test 1 2018      Calculator Free

SHENTON  
COLLEGE

Name: .....

Teacher:              Friday      Smith

Time Allowed : 30 minutes

Marks	/31
-------	-----

*Materials allowed:* Formula Sheet.

*Attempt all questions.*

*All necessary working and reasoning must be shown for full marks.*

*Where appropriate, answers should be given as exact values.*

*Marks may not be awarded for untidy or poorly arranged work.*

1. [2,2,2,2]

Differentiate each of the following with respect to  $x$ , clearly showing appropriate rules. Do not simplify answers.

(a)  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - \frac{2}{x^2} + 5$

(b)  $y = \frac{\cos x}{x^4 + 2}$

(c)  $y = \sqrt{3x^2 + 4}$

(d)  $y = e^{-x} \sin x$

**2. [1,1]**

Evaluate each of the following limits.

(a)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^h - 1}{h}$

(b)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\cos(x+h) - \cos x}{h} \right)$

**3. [3.1]**

Determine the value of  $f''(-1)$  if  $f(x) = (2x + 1)^5$ .

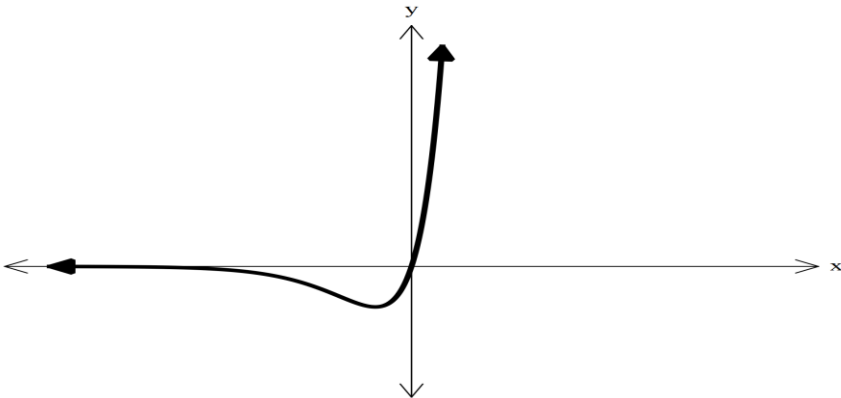
Describe and explain the concavity of the curve at this point.

**4 [4]**

Find the equation of the tangent to  $y = 3 - \sin(1 - 2x)$  at the point where  $x = \frac{1}{2}$ .

5. [3,2,3]

The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown below, where  $f(x) = 2xe^x$



(a) Determine the exact location of the stationary point on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

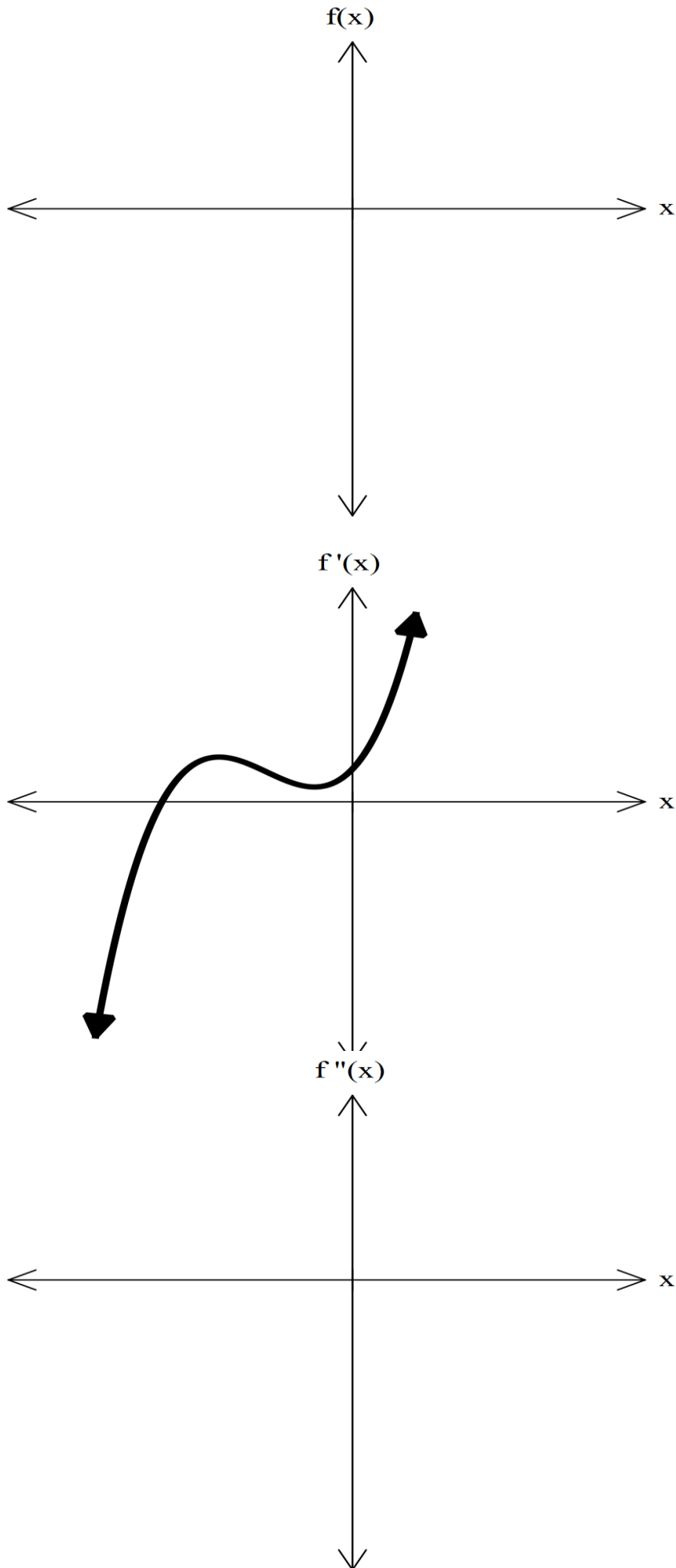
(b) Apply the second derivative test to show that the stationary point in (a) is a minimum.

(c) The graph of  $y = f(x)$  has just one point of inflection. Determine the exact coordinates of this point.

6 [5]

Given the graph of  $y = f'(x)$  provide possible graphs of  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f''(x)$

[Care should be taken with the  $x$  values of critical points, but the 'heights' of the derivatives are not unique, use whatever makes your sketch easier to draw.]





SHENTON  
COLLEGE

# ATMAM Mathematics Methods

Test 1 2018

Calculator Assumed

Name: .....

Teacher: Friday Smith

Time Allowed : 20 minutes

Marks	/19
-------	-----

**Materials allowed:** Classpad, calculator, formula sheet.

**Attempt all questions.**

**All necessary working and reasoning must be shown for full marks.**

*Where appropriate, answers should be given to two decimal places.*

*Marks may not be awarded for untidy or poorly arranged work.*

7. [1,1,1,1]

The number of bees in a hive after  $t$  months is modelled by  $B(t) = \frac{3000}{1+0.5e^{-1.73t}}$ .

Determine:

- (a) Determine the initial bee population.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- (b) Determine the percentage increase in its population after one month.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- (c) Explain why the population is increasing over time.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
- (d) Determine the rate at which the population is increasing after 3 months.

**8. [1,1,1,2,4]**

On the Indonesian coast, the depth of water  $t$  hours after midnight is given by  $D(t) = 9.3 + 6.8\cos(0.507t)$  metres  $0 \leq t \leq 24$

(a) Find the depth of the water at 8 am.

(b) Determine the maximum height of the water during this time.

(c) At what rate is the water changing at 8 am?

(d) At what time of day is water rising at its fastest rate?

(e) Show **how** to use calculus to determine the time(s) of day the height is increasing at 1.5 metres per hour. Use your calculator to help you determine the time(s).

**9. [1,1,1,1,1 ]**

The population of a city over  $t$  years is given by  $P = 120\,000e^{0.07t}$

- (a) Determine the population after 10 years.
- (b) Find how long it takes for the population to double in size.
- (c) Express the rate of growth as a function of  $t$ .
- (d) Determine the rate of growth after 10 years.
- (e) Express the rate of growth as a function of  $P$
- (f) Determine the growth rate when the Population is 3 million.

**End of Questions**